Where is My Class Tree?

Haverford College Arboretum
370 Lancaster Avenue
Haverford, PA 19041-1392
610-896-1101
arbor@haverford.edu
www.haverford.edu/Arboretum
In 1834, the founders of Haverford College hired an English gardener, William Carvill, to design a campus on what was then farmland. His original plan and tree list is in Magill Library's Special Collections. By 1900, a group of students, faculty and alumni led by Edward Woolman, Class of 1893, recognized the need to preserve the landscape and care for the trees. The Haverford College Arboretum continues this work today with the assistance of alumni and friends. Each fall, we welcome new Haverfordians with the work today with the assistance of alumni and friends. Does your class have a special tree on campus? Check out the list below and look for your tree’s location on the map. To learn more about the Arboretum, or to support our efforts by joining the Haverford College Arboretum Association, log onto haverford.edu/Arboretum or email arbor@haverford.edu.

Class of 1934 – (5) Green Mountain sugar maples, *Acer saccharum* ‘Green Mountain’
Class of 1936 – Green Mountain sugar maple, *Acer saccharum* ‘Green Mountain’
Class of 1950 – Oriental spruce, *Picea orientalis* Swamp chestnut oak, *Quercus michauxii*
Class of 1953 – Purple-leaf beech, *Fagus sylvatica* ‘Purpurea’
Class of 1955 – White saucer magnolia, *Magnolia x soulangiana* ‘Alba’
  **Jane magnolia, *Magnolia* ‘Jane’
  **Cut-leaf beech, *Fagus sylvatica* ‘Aspleniifolia’
Class of 1963 – Shingle oak, *Quercus imbricaria*
Class of 1970 – Japanese persimmon, * Diospyros kaki*
Class of 1973 – Sweetbay magnolia, *Magnolia virginiana*
Class of 1976 – Swamp white oak, *Quercus bicolor*

Class of 1981 – Chinese scholar tree, *Styphnolobium japonicum* ‘Regent’
Class of 1982 – Flowering dogwood, *Cornus florida*
Class of 1983 – Sweet gum, *Liquidambar styraciflua*
Class of 1984 – (2) Bonfire sugar maples, *Acer saccharum* ‘Bonfire’
  ***(1) Bonfire sugar maple, *Acer saccharum* ‘Bonfire’
Class of 1985 – Golden rain tree, *Koelreuteria paniculata*
  **Yoshino cherry, *Prunus yedoensis* ‘Akebono’
Class of 1986 – Threading false cypress, *Chamaecyparis pisifera* ‘Filifera’
Class of 1987 – Willow oak, *Quercus phellos*
Class of 1988 – **Rising Sun redbud, *Cercis canadensis* ‘Rising Sun’
Class of 1989 – **Pagoda dogwood, *Cornus alternifolia* ‘Leyland cypress, x Cupressocyparis leylandii’
Class of 1990 – Sawtooth oak, *Quercus acutissima*
  Western white pine, *Pinus monticola*
Class of 1991 – Red oak, *Quercus rubra* (with Class of 1996)
Class of 1992 – Merrill magnolia, *Magnolia x loebneri* ‘Merrill’
Class of 1993 – (3) Pink flowering dogwoods, *Cornus florida var. rubra*
Class of 1994 – **Oriental spruce, *Picea orientalis* ‘Fall Fiesta’
Class of 1996 – Red oak, *Quercus rubra* (with Class of 1991)
  **Deodar cedar, *Cedrus deodara*

Class of 1998 – ***Stenacom a cedar of Lebanon, *Cedrus libani* var. *stenacom a*
Class of 1999 – Elizabeth magnolia, *Magnolia‘Elizabeth’*
Class of 2000 – **Cornelian cherry dogwood, *Cornus mas*
Class of 2001 – Sourwood, *Oxydendrum arboreum*
Class of 2002 – Tulip poplar, *Liriodendron tulipifera*
Class of 2003 – Swamp white oak, *Quercus bicolor*
Class of 2004 – Sour gum, *Nyssa sylvatica*
Class of 2005 – White oak, *Quercus alba*
Class of 2006 – Yulan magnolia, *Magnolia denudata*
Class of 2007 – American beech, *Fagus grandifolia*
Class of 2008 – Willow oak, *Quercus phellos*
Class of 2009 – Shumard oak, *Quercus shumardii*
Class of 2010 – Okame cherry, *Prunus* ‘Okame’
Class of 2011 – Nuttall oak, *Quercus nuttallii*
Class of 2012 – Scarlet oak, *Quercus coccinea*
Class of 2013 – White oak, *Quercus alba*
Class of 2014 – Tulip poplar, *Liriodendron tulipifera*
Class of 2015 – Okame cherry, *Prunus* ‘Okame’
Class of 2016 – Yoshino cherry, *Prunus x yedoensis*
Class of 2017 – Okame cherry, *Prunus* ‘Okame’
Class of 2018 – Okame cherry, *Prunus* ‘Okame’
Class of 2019 – Okame cherry, *Prunus* ‘Okame’

*Tree died
**Replacement tree
***Relocated tree

Sometimes a tree is removed or relocated because of construction projects, or it grows poorly and dies. Whenever possible, the Arboretum staff replants a similar tree in a nearby location.